

CORE 1: TYPOGRAPHY

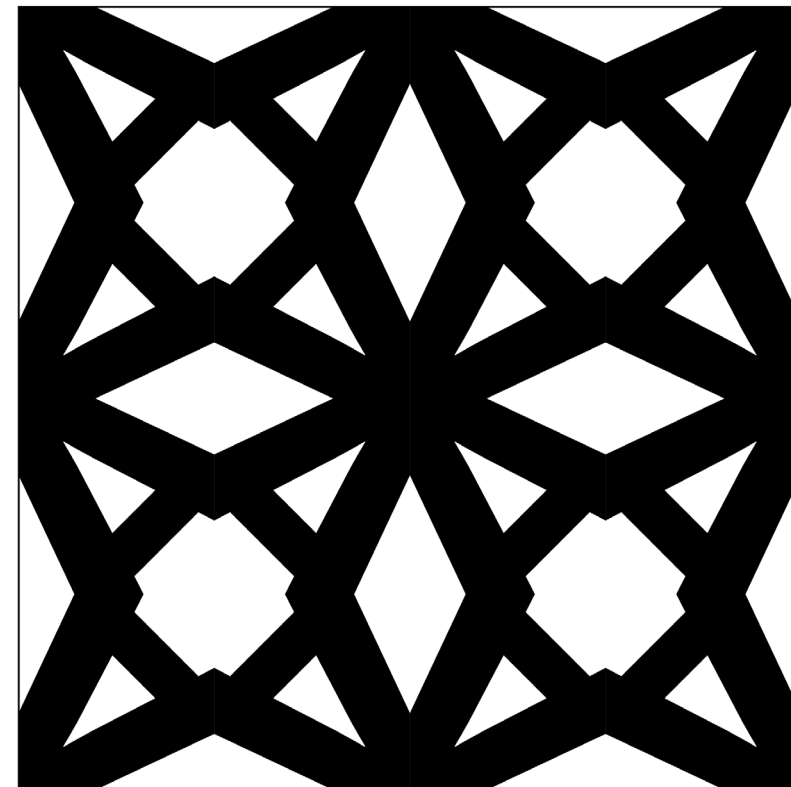
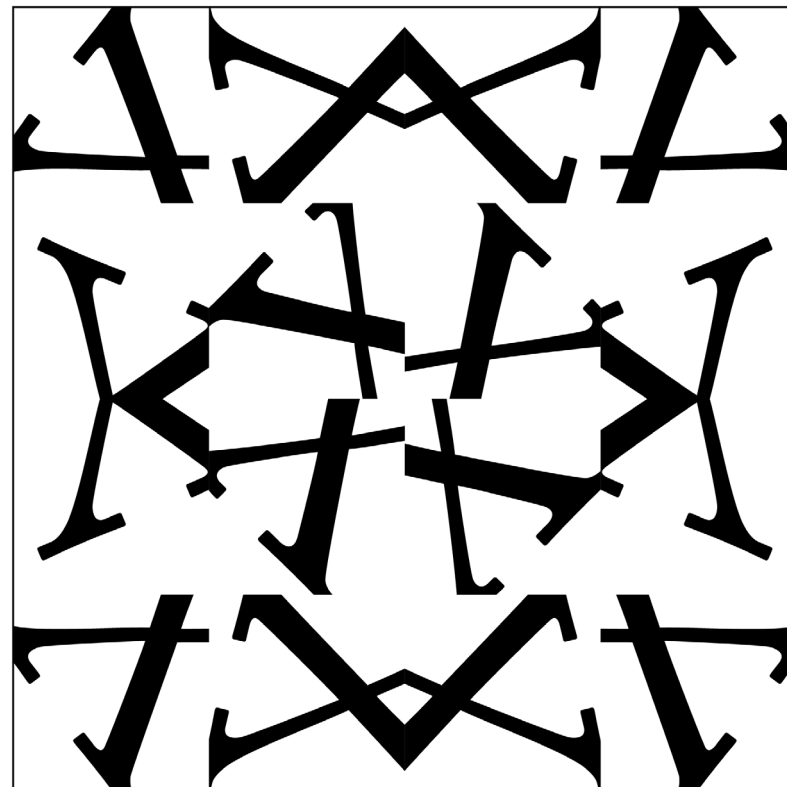
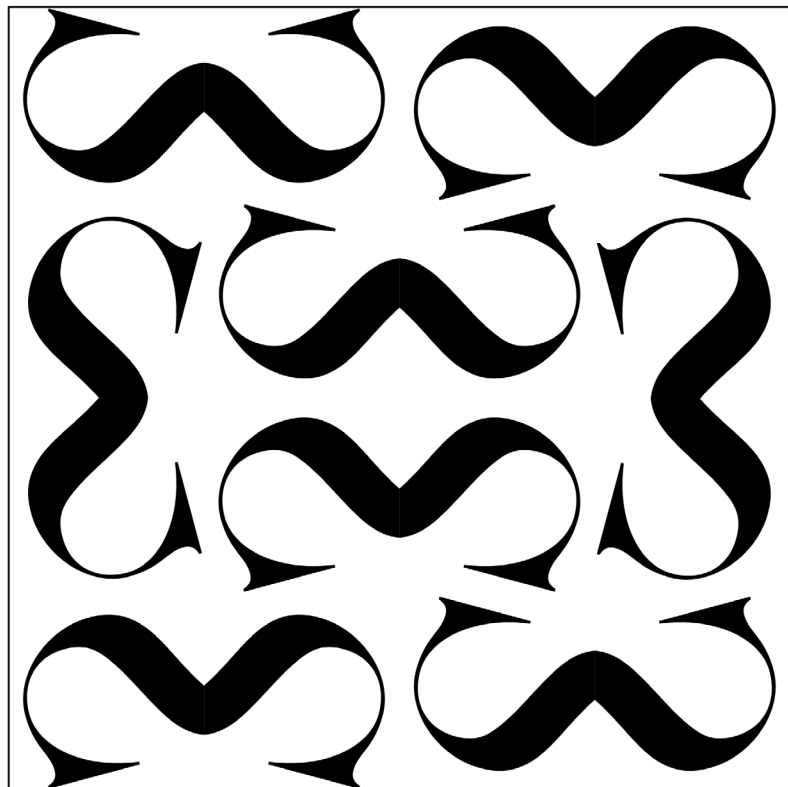
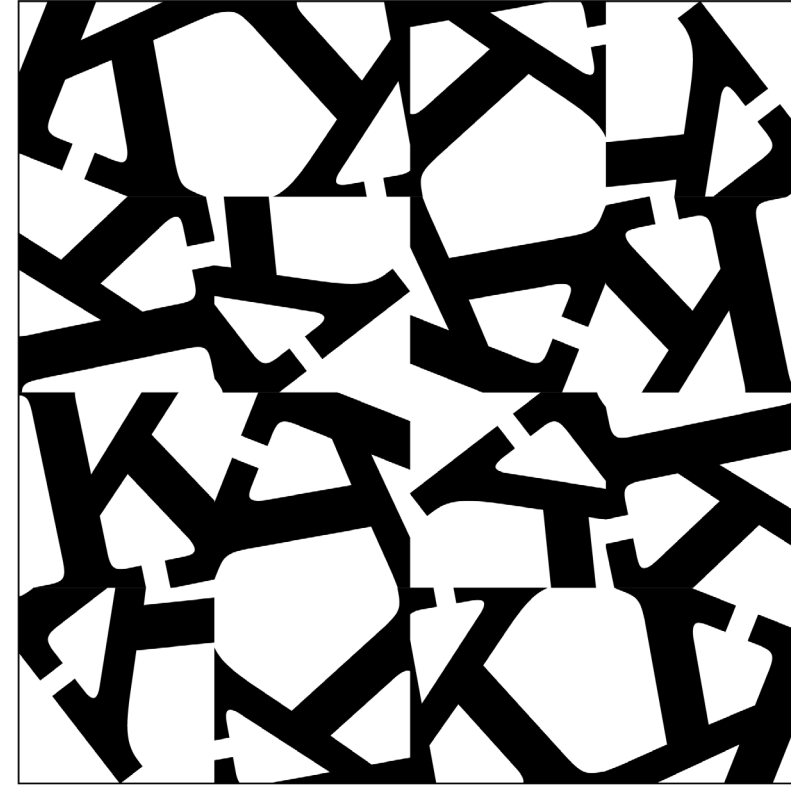
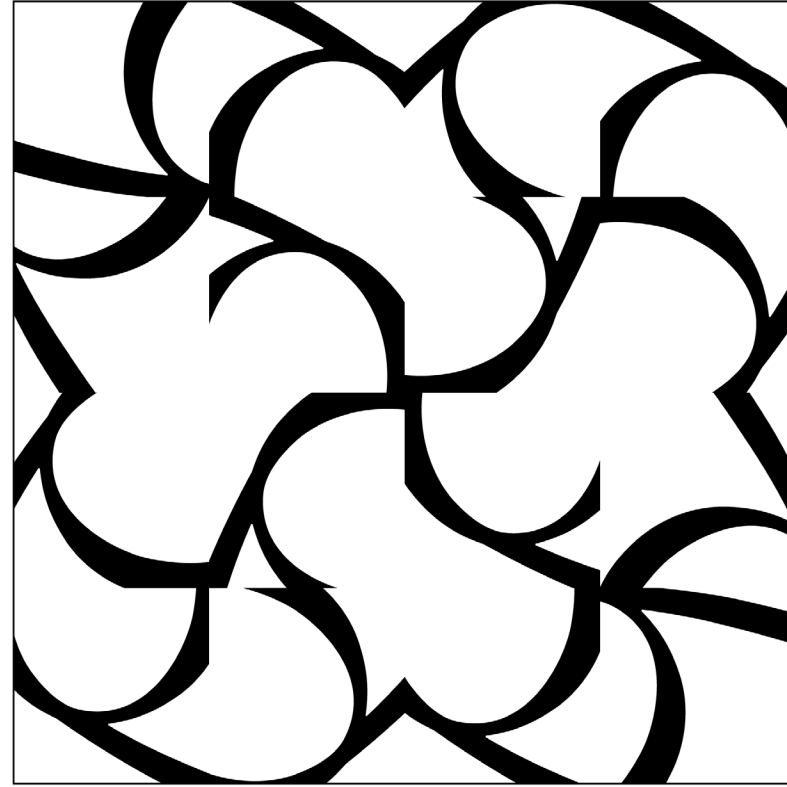
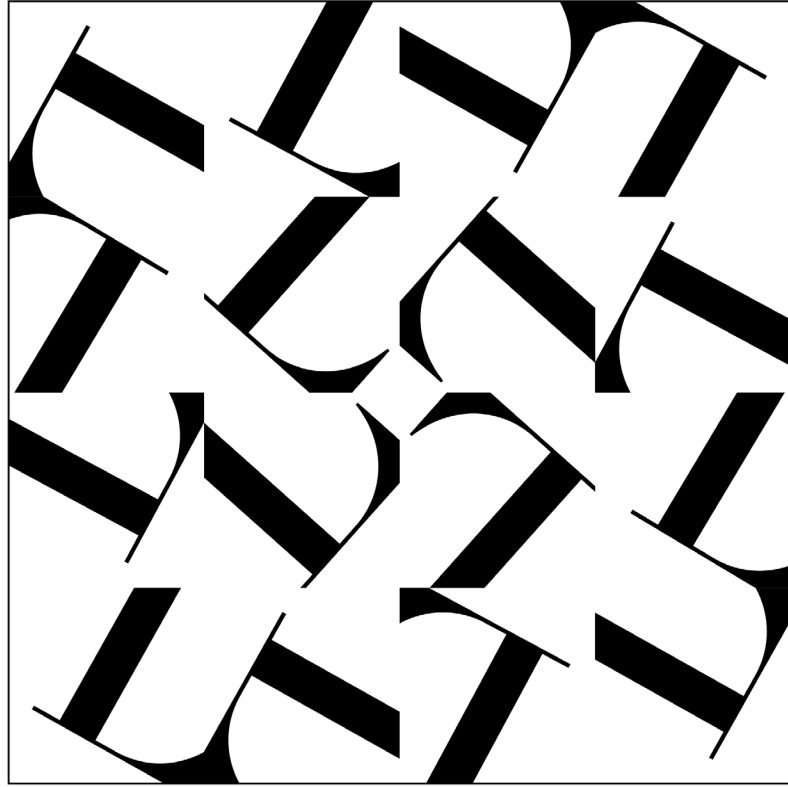
ARIA ZHOU

ZHOUQ743@NEWSCHOOL.EDU

WWW.ARIAZHOU.COM

# CROPPED LETTER

This project showcases typographic patterns with cropped letters.





# MANTRA MERCH

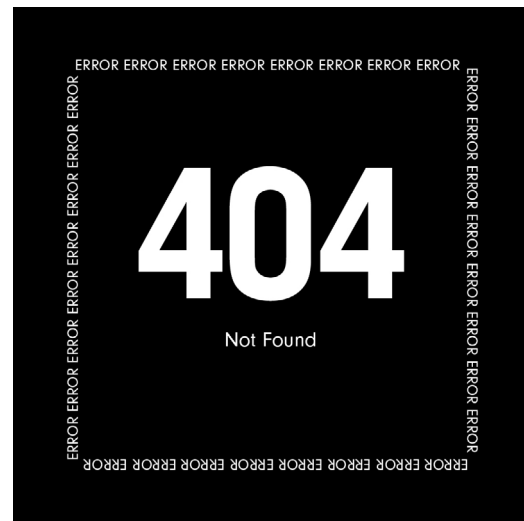
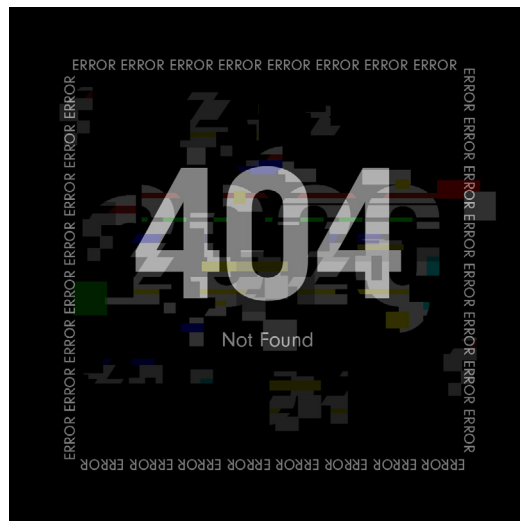
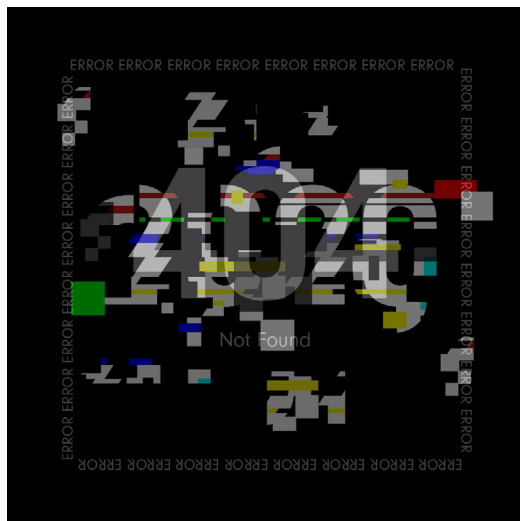
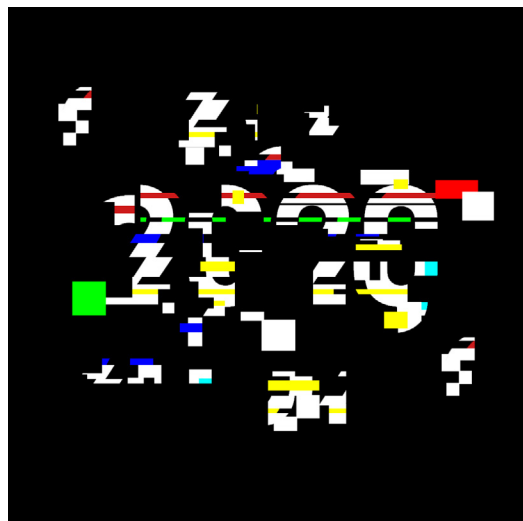
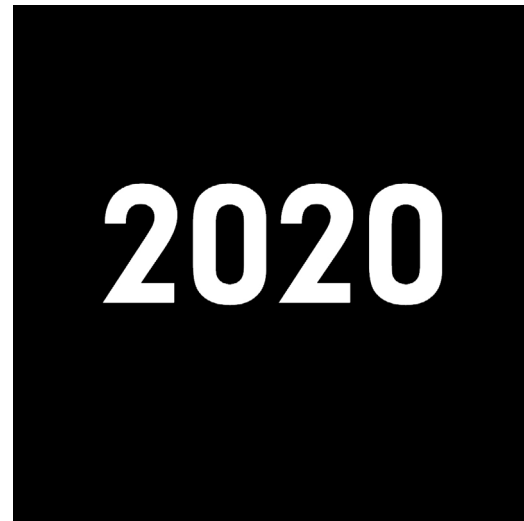
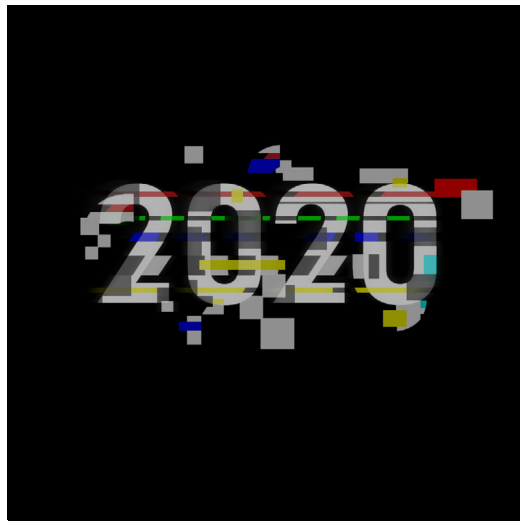
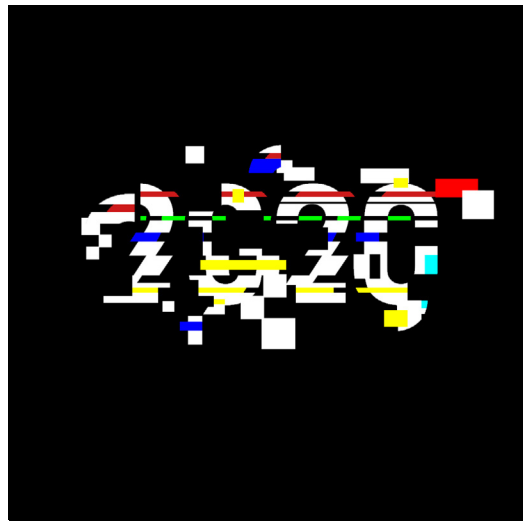
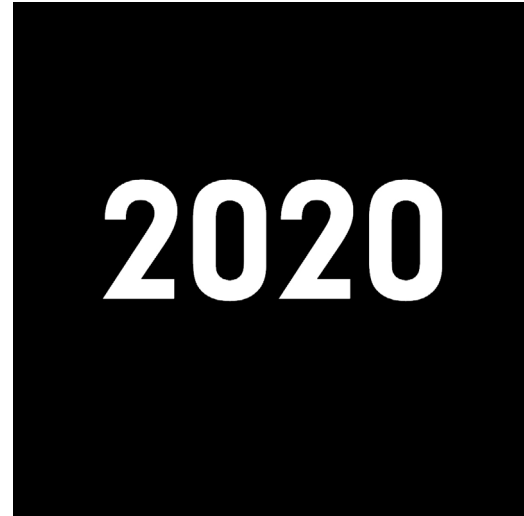
This project showcases my personal mantra and the applied design onto a tote bag.





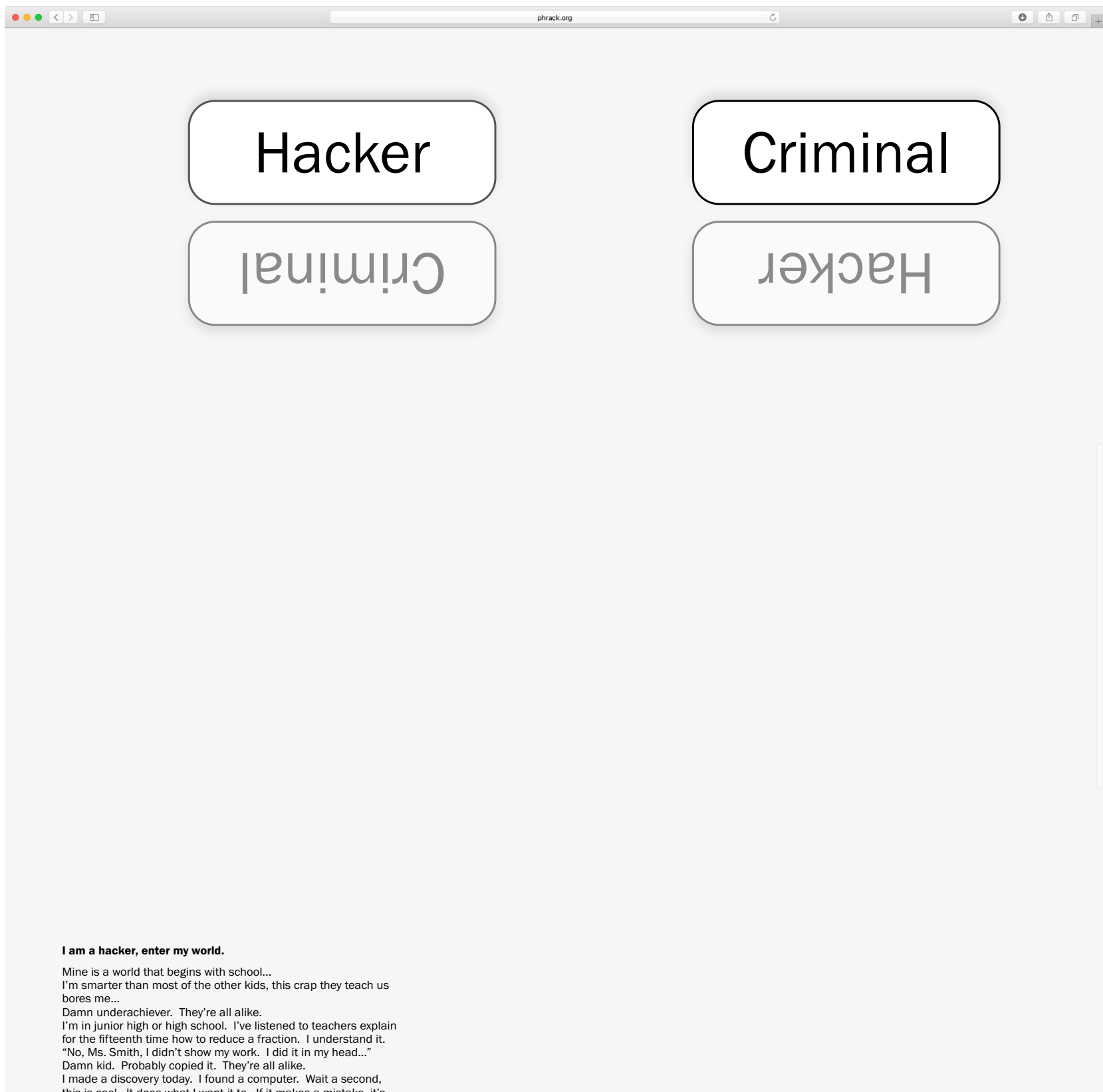
# MANTRA MERCH

Here are the clips of the gif.



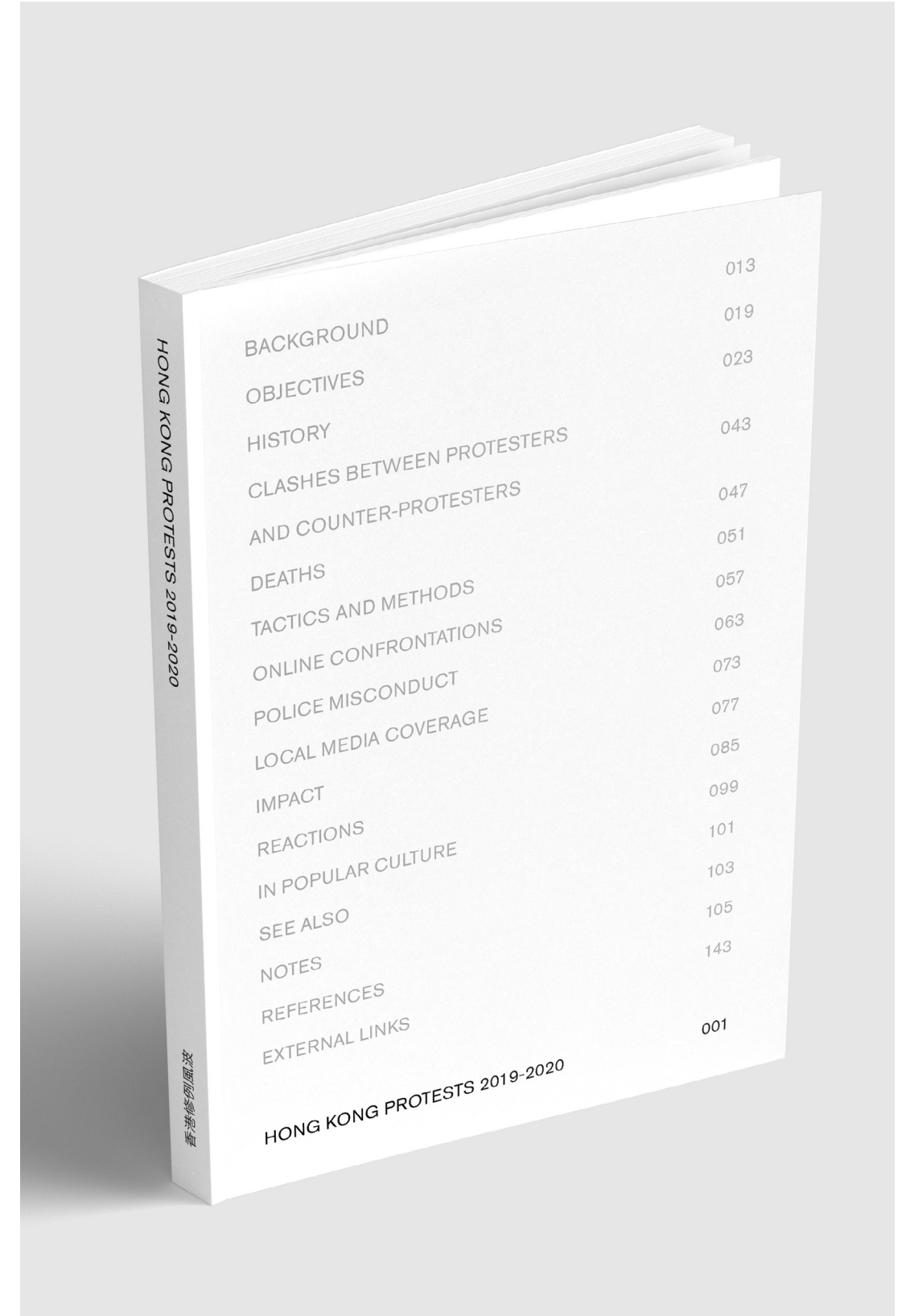
# MANIFESTO POSTER

This is a poster and website for an online hacker event, based on *The Conscience of a Hacker* from the Mentor.



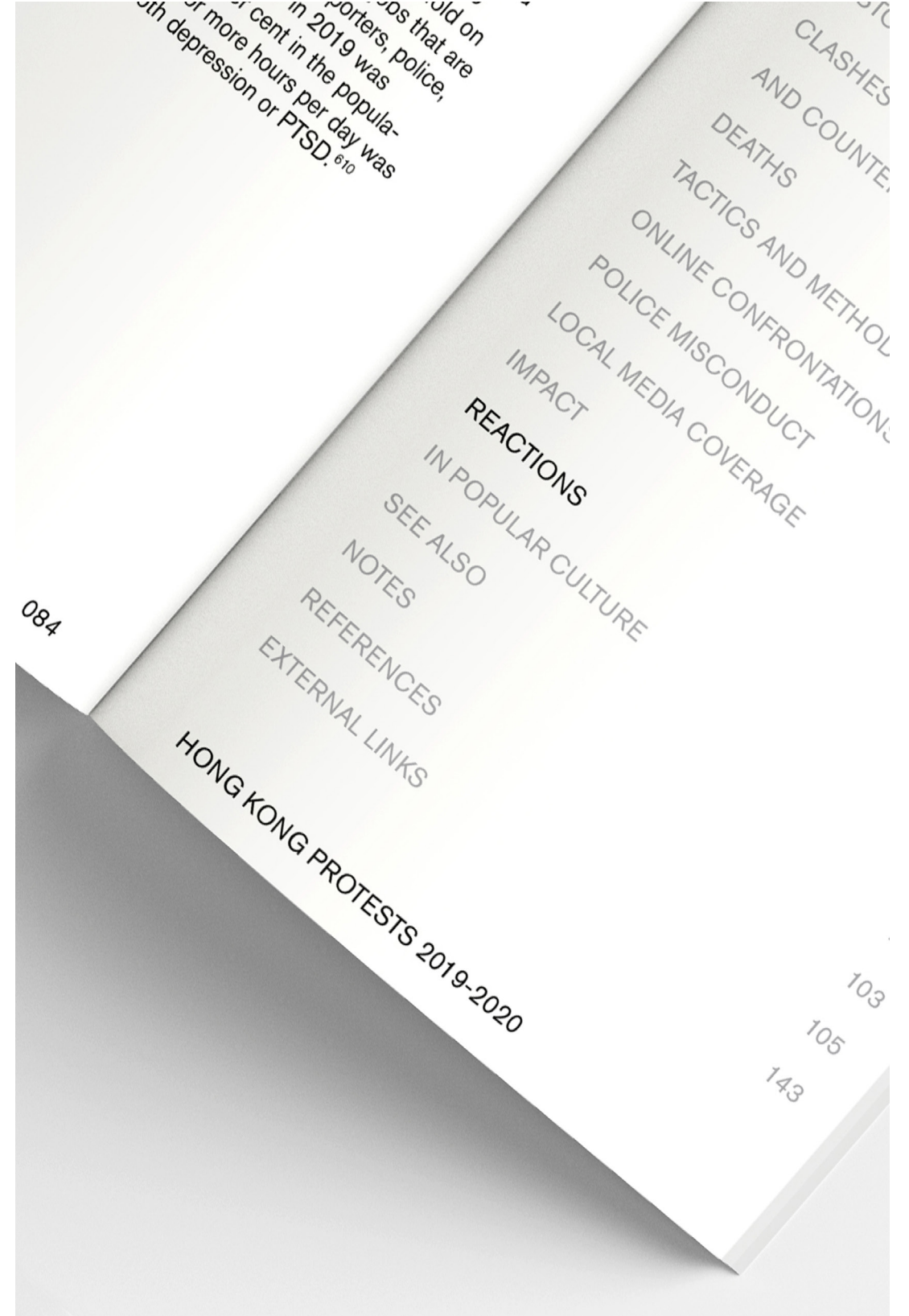
# WIKIBOOK

This project showcases a book, contents of which is from wikipedia and 百度百科, about the Hong Kong protests 2019-2020.





# WIKIBOOK





# WIKIBOOK

The table of contents serves as the cover. The clear layout reflect the comprehensive views wikipedia provides.

Several individuals were arrested for illegal possession of firearms or making homemade explosives.<sup>356</sup>

Unlike other civil unrests, little random smashing and looting were observed, as protesters vandalised targets they believed embodied injustice.<sup>357</sup> Corporations that protesters accused of being pro-Beijing, mainland Chinese companies, and shops engaging in parallel trading, were also vandalised, subject to arson or spray-painted.<sup>358 359</sup>

<sup>360 361</sup> Protesters also directed violence at symbols of the government by vandalising government and pro-Beijing lawmakers' offices,<sup>362 363</sup> and defacing symbols representing China.<sup>364 266 268</sup> The MTR Corporation became a target of vandalism after protesters had accused the railway operator of kowtowing to pressure by Chinese media,<sup>116</sup> Protestors also demanded the release of CCTV footage from the 2019 Prince Edward station incident amid fears that police may have beaten someone to death.<sup>365</sup> Protesters also disrupted traffic by setting up roadblocks,<sup>366 98</sup> damaging traffic lights,<sup>367</sup> deflating the tires of buses,<sup>368</sup> and throwing objects onto railway tracks.<sup>369</sup> Protesters occasionally intimidated and assaulted mainlanders.<sup>370</sup>

Some radical protesters promoted the idea of "mutual destruction" or "phoenixism". They theorised that sanctions against the ruling Chinese Communist Party and the loss of Hong Kong's international finance centre and special trade status (caused by China's interference of the one-country, two systems principle) would destabilise mainland China's economy, and therefore, undermine the rule of the Chinese Communist Party and give Hong Kong a chance to be "reborn" in the future.<sup>371 372</sup> They believed that further government crackdown would ultimately speed up the process of "lam chao", ultimately hurting the regime.<sup>373</sup>

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# WIKIBOOK

Some parts of the Chinese characters are covered, indicating the restriction of freedom of speech in China.

